#### Type YPR-2A Pressure Reducing Valve for Water

This is a direct operating pressure reducing valve for cold and hot water that can be used for small to large flows, with a small pressure fluctuation range. Used for construction facilities, this valve is employed for pressure control of each level's water supplied by an elevated water tank of a medium or high-rise building; as well as for pressure control of feed water from a directly-coupled pump and other boiler feed water.



Screwed type



Flanged type

### Features

- Outstanding functions for controlling the pressure of water supplied by a building's elevated water tank to each floor.
- Easy to handle : small size and light weight.
- Two ways to install : horizontally or vertically.
- · A constant pressure level with only a single adjustment.
  - Wide flow range ability : an outstanding level of minimum adjustable flow & adjustable and stable in a wide flow range.
  - All parts can be disassembled through the top of the valve : complete repairs even in limited spaces is possible.
  - Built-in spring-type orifice that prevents a water hammering action.
  - Linear flow pass-through method, which removes noise during operation.

#### Specifications

Applicable fluid		Water			
Primary pressure		Maximum 10 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> g			
Secondary pressure		Outer spring	0.5~3.5kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> g		
re	gulating range	Inner+outer spring	3~7kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> g		
Maximum pressure reduction ratio		10:1			
Minimum differential pressure in the inlet and outlet side of the valve		0.5kgf/cm <sup>2</sup>			
Minimum adjustable flow		2~5 liters of water/min			
Fluid temperature		Maximum 5~80° C			
End connection		KS PT SCREW(15~25A), KS 10K FF FLANGE(32~150A)			
Materials	Body	GC200			
	Disc, seat	NBR, BC6			
Hydraulic test pressure		15 kgf/cm²g			

Multi-step pressure reduction is needed when the cavitation index is 0.5 or lower.

Strainer (over 40 Mesh ) installation is required to ahead inlet when valve installing.

Dimensions (mm)									
Size	L	А	H1	H2	Cv	Weight (kg)			
15(1/2")	100	116	50	184	2.1	3.7			
20(3⁄4")	100	116	50	184	2.1	3.7			
25(1")	120	142	68	224	3.5	6.9			
32(1¼")	190	174	81	327	8.0	17.0			
40(1½")	190	174	81	327	8.0	17.0			
50(2")	190	174	81	327	14	18.6			
65(2½")	250	228	100	374	22	36.3			
80(3")	250	228	100	374	32	37.4			
100(4")	290	250	125	490	48	67.0			
150(6")	390	340	165	655	108	150			

#### Dimensional drawing





Flanged type (32-150A)

# Type YPR-2A Pressure Reducing valve

Chart on selecting a size



## How to select the size of a valve by the chart

Example) If the primary pressure is 5 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>g, secondary pressure is 2 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>g, and flow is 10 cm<sup>3</sup>/h,

- 1) The differential pressure ( $^{a}P=P_{1}-P_{2}$ ) between the primary pressure (5 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>g) and secondary pressure (2 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>g) is 3 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>.
- 2) Determine point "A" by vertically connecting the differential pressure (3 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>) with the flow (10 cm<sup>3</sup>/h).
- 3) Now that "A" is in between a size of 25 and 40, a size of 40 should be selected.

## Application Diagram (Example)

